## **CLAIMS**

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing steps for processing Input/Output ("I/O") requests, comprising:

receiving an I/O request from an application thread;

performing an I/O operation in response to the I/O request; and

upon completion of the I/O operation, determining whether to boost a priority of the

application thread according to criteria based on a status of I/O operations performed for the application thread.

2. A computer-readable medium as in claim 1, having further computer-executable instructions for performing steps of:

if the step of determining determines not to boost the priority of the application thread, performing a further I/O operation for the application thread, and determining again whether to boost the priority of the application thread.

3. A computer-readable medium as in claim 1, wherein the application thread posts a data buffer in connection with the I/O request, and the step of performing the I/O operation includes copying data into the I/O buffer.

- 4. A computer-readable medium as in claim 1, having further computer-executable instructions for performing the step of boosting the priority of the application thread when the step of determining determines that the priority of the application is to be boosted.
- 5. A computer-readable medium as in claim 4, wherein the step of boosting boosts the priority of the application thread by a pre-selected level.
  - 6. A computer-readable medium as in claim 5, wherein the pre-selected level is fixed.
- 7. A computer-readable medium as in claim 1, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether there are more I/O operations to be performed for the application thread.
- 8. A computer-readable medium as in claim 1, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether a number of I/O operations performed in a current thread context for the application thread has reached a threshold number.
- 9. A computer-readable medium as in claim 1, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether a period of time since a last time the priority of the application thread was boosted has reached a threshold length.
  - 10. A method of processing Input/Output ("I/O") requests, comprising:

receiving an I/O request from an application thread;

performing an I/O operation in response to the I/O request; and

upon completion of the I/O operation, determining whether to boost a priority of the application thread according to criteria based on a status of I/O operations performed for the application thread.

11. A method as in claim 10, having further steps of:

if the step of determining determines not to boost the priority of the application thread, performing a further I/O operation for the application thread, and determining again whether to boost the priority of the application thread.

- 12. A method as in claim 10, wherein the application thread posts a data buffer in connection with the I/O request, and the step of performing the I/O operation includes copying data into the I/O buffer.
- 13. A method as in claim 10, having a further step of boosting the priority of the application thread when the step of determining determines that the priority of the application is to be boosted.
- 14. A method as in claim 13, wherein the step of boosting boosts the priority of the application thread by a pre-selected level.
  - 15. A method as in claim 14, wherein the pre-selected level is fixed.

- 16. A method as in claim 10, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether there are more I/O operations to be performed for the application thread.
- 17. A method as in claim 10, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether a number of I/O operations performed in a current thread context has reached a threshold number.
- 18. A method as in claim 1, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether a period of time since a last time the priority of the application thread was boosted has reached a threshold length.
  - 19. A computer system comprising:

an application thread making an I/O request;

a system thread for responding to the I/O request, the system thread being programmed to receive the I/O request from the application thread, perform an I/O operation in response to the I/O request, and upon completion of the I/O operation, determine whether to boost a priority of the application thread according to criteria based on a status of I/O operations performed for the application thread.

20. A computer system as in claim 19, wherein the system thread is further programmed to perform steps of:

if the system thread determines not to boost the priority of the application thread, performing a further I/O operation for the application thread, and determining again whether to boost the priority of the application thread.

- 21. A computer system as in claim 19, wherein the application thread posts a data buffer in connection with the I/O request, and the I/O operation performed by the system thread includes copying data into the I/O buffer.
- 22. A computer system as in claim 19, wherein the system thread is programmed to boost the priority of the application thread by a pre-selected level when the system thread determines that the priority of the application is to be boosted.
  - 23. A computer system as in claim 22, wherein the pre-selected level is fixed.
- 24. A computer system as in claim 19, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether there are more I/O operations to be performed for the application thread.
- 25. A computer system as in claim 19, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether a number of I/O operations performed in a current thread context for the application thread has reached a threshold number.

26. A computer system as in claim 19, wherein the criteria for determining whether to boost the priority of the application thread include whether a period of time since a last time the priority of the application thread was boosted has reached a threshold length.